### PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY HISTORIC SITE SUMMARY SHEET

Survey #:	P.G. #60-8	Building Date:	1860 <b>'</b> s	

Building Name: Drury Mansion

Location: 6101 Ammendale Road, Beltsville, Maryland

Private/Residence/Occupied/Fair/Inaccessible

### Description

The Drury Mansion stands in a level area south of Ammendale Normal Institute, in a grove of pines and maples. It is accessible by an unpaved lane which runs south from St. Joseph's Chapel. The building consists of a two-story frame hip-roofed Greek Revival style dwelling, with additions on the rear facade. The main block is five bays by two bays, with entrance in the central bay of the five-bay main east facade. Entrance is through a double door with six-pane transom, and four-pane sidelights over wainscot panels. The three center bays are sheltered by a one-story hip-roof porch; windows are 6/6 double-hung sash with plain board sills; the central second story window on the east facade is embellished by flanking 2/2 double-hung-sash sidelights. The horizontal board siding is covered with white asbestos shingle, and the hipped roof is covered with gray shingle. There is one wide corbelled brick chimney, situated longitudinally in the north plane of the hipped roof. The building rests on parged brick foundations; there is no basement. Attached to the west facade, and extending flush with the north facade of the main block, is a lower two- story, gable-roofed wing with an interior chimney at its west gable end. Built onto the south third of the west (rear) facade is another wing, cut into a slope so that its floor is at a lower level than that of the main block.

## Significance

The Drury Mansion is a large Greek Revival style dwelling, built on a tract known as Spraddock's Forest and now part of the Ammendale Institute property. Although the house is in deteriorating condition, it is an unusual example in Prince George's County of a full-facade (five-bay) central-hall-with-flanking-double-parlours plan dwelling. For many years a neighborhood school was operated in this building. The Drury Mansion, also known as "the Villa", was constructed in the early 1860's by William P. Drury. In the construction of this house, Drury utilized features of a style which was already on the decline, and being superseded by the Italianate and late Victorian house styles. In 1874 Drury's son sold the house and 130 acres to Daniel Ammen, Admiral, U.S. Navy. For many years, Ammen's mother-in-law operated a neighborhood school in the Drury house. In 1880, Admiral Ammen sold twenty acres of the Drury farmland to the Brothers of the Christian Schools for the establishment of a Catholic school and Novitiate. This was the beginning of the Ammendale Normal Institute. The neighborhood school was operated until circa 1889, when Ammen sold the house and eleven acres to the Christian Brothers, who took over the operation of the school for "externs". For the last decade of the century, this school was operated in another farmhouse on the land, but in 1903 under Brother Tobias, it was reopened in the Drury mansion. This school continued to operate in the Drury house until circa 1920. For some time after that, the house served as the chaplain's esidence; it is now rented to tenants who work on the Ammendale Institute property. It is an important and rare surviving example of a modest and large late Greek Revival style

Acreage: 92.41 acres

# Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

DOE \_\_yes \_\_no

Magi No.

1. Namo	e (indicate p	referred name)		
historic Drury	Mansion			-
and/or common	Drury Mansion or	"The Villa"		
2. Loca	tion			
street & number	6101 Ammendale R	oad	_	not for publication
city, town Belt	tsville	Ammendalevicinity of	congressional district	5
state Maryland		county	Prince George's	
3. Class	sification	*		
district X building(s) structure	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered not_applicable	Status _X_ occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted _X_ no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park X private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prope	erty (give names an	nd mailing addresses	s of <u>all</u> owners)
name Ammeno	dale Normal Insti	tute (Christian Bro	thers)	
street & number /	Ammendale Normal	Institute	telephone no	776-7443
city, town Belts	sville	state	and zip code Mary	land 20705
<u>5. Loca</u>	tion of Lec	gal Description	on	
courthouse, regist	ry of deeds, etc.	rince George's County	/ Courthouse	liber JWB#14
street & number	Main Street			folio 91
city, town Uppe	er Marlboro		state	MD
6. Repr	esentation	in Existing	Historical Surve	eys
title None				
date			federal state	county loca
depository for sur	vey records			
city, town			state	

	- P. O			P.G.#6U-8
Condition excellent good _X fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered _X_ altered	Check one  X original site moved date of m	ove

Survey No.

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Description

The Drury Mansion stands in a level area south of Ammendale Normal Institute, in a grove of pines and maples. It is accessible by an unpaved lane which runs south from St. Joseph's Chapel. The building consists of a two-story frame hip-roofed Greek Revival style dwelling, with additions on the rear (west) facade.

The main block is five bays by two bays, with entrance in the central bay of the five-bay main east facade. Entrance is through a double door (each leaf has two deeply molded panels) with six-pane transom, and four-pane sidelights over wainscot panels. The three center bays are sheltered by a one-story hip-roof porch; it rests on a concrete block foundation, and is supported by square (hollow) posts. Windows are 6/6 double-hung sash with plain board sills; windows on the first story are full-length, longer than those of the second story. The central second story window on the east facade (over the entrance) is embellished by flanking 2/2 double-hung-sash sidelights. There is a central (rear) door in the west facade. The horizontal board siding is covered with white asbestos shingle, and the hipped roof is covered with gray shingle. There is one wide corbelled brick chimney, situated longitudinally in the north plane of the hipped roof, in the wall which divides the two north parlors. The building rests on parged brick foundations; there is no basement.

Interior of the main block consists of a central stairhall with two parlors on each side. The staircase rises along the south wall of the stairhall, turns at a small rear landing, and turns again to the second story. (The rear of the stairhall has been enclosed to form a closet, thus partially boxing the staircase.) The stair has a heavy Greek Revival style turned newel, and turned balusters. Molding of door and window surrounds in the main block are probably early twentieth century replacements; most ceilings have been "dropped" by the installation of synthetic panel, although the southeast parlor still has the pressed tin ceiling which dates from its period of use as a classroom. All fireplaces have been closed, and there are no visible mantels.

Attached to the north part of the west (rear) facade, and extending flush with the north facade of the main block, is a lower two-story, two-bay-by-one-bay gable-roofed wing. There is an interior chimney at its west gable end, and a rear entrance in that gable end. This wing has the same asbestos shingle covering as the main block, and rests on a brick foundation. Windows are 6/6 double-hung sash, similar to those of the main block.

Period preh 1400 1500 1600 1700 X 1800 1900	)1499 )1599 )1699 )1799 )1899	ard	of Significance—C theology-prehistoric theology-historic riculture thitecture mmerce mmunications	co ec ed en ex ind	mmunity nservati onomics ucation gineerin	planning on g		_ landscape archited _ law _ literature _ military _ music _ philosophy _ politics/governme	science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater
Specific	dates	1860'	S	Builde	r/Archi	ect			
check:	aı	nd/or	_	B A B		D D	E	F G	

Survey No. P.G. #60-8

8. Significance

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

Level of Significance: national state local

The Drury Mansion is a large hip-roof Greek Revival style dwelling, built on a tract known as Spraddock's Forest and now part of the Ammendale Institute property. Although the house is in deteriorating condition, it is an unusual example in Prince George's County of a full-facade (five-bay) central-hall-with-flanking-double-parlours plan dwelling. For many years a neighborhood school was operated in this building.

The Drury Mansion, also known as "the Villa", was constructed in the early 1860's by William P. Drury. In the construction of this house, Drury utilized features of a style which was already on the decline, and being superseded by the Italianate and late Victorian house styles. Drury, a farmer from the District of Columbia, named his new home "Fairview", and lived there with his large family until his death circa 1871. The Court of Equity was petitioned to dispose of his property, and in 1874 Drury's son sold the house and 130 acres to Daniel Ammen, Admiral, U.S. Navy. Ammen had in 1869 purchased the nearby farm known as "Happy Home", and resided there until his death in 1898; after he purchased the Drury farm in 1874, his mother-in-law operated a neighborhood school in the Drury house. 3

Admiral Ammen was a convert to the Catholic faith. In 1880 he sold twenty acres of the Drury farmland to the Brothers of the Christian Schools for the establishment of a Catholic school and Novitiate. This was the beginning of the Ammendale Normal Institute. $^4$ 

Until 1889, Madame Atocha continued to operate the school at the Drury house, but in that year, Ammen sold the house and eleven acres to the Christian Brothers, who took over the operation of the school for "externs". For the last decade of the century, this school was operated in another farmhouse on the land, but in 1903 under Brother Tobias, it was reopened in the Drury mansion. It was probably at this time that the decorative pressed tin ceilings were installed in the parlour/class-rooms.<sup>5</sup>

# 9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No.P.G.#60-8

Cf. Notes, Item #8

Cf. Chain of Title

10. Geographical Data				
Acreage of nominated property 92.41 acres  Quadrangle name Beltsville, Section F	Tax map #13, parcel 18  Quadrangle scale			
UTM References do NOT complete UTM references				
Zone Easting Northing	Zone Easting Northing			
C	D			
	H L J L J L J L J L J L J L J L J L J L			
List all states and counties for properties overlapping state code cour				
state code cour	ty code			
11. Form Prepared By				
name/title Susan G. Pearl, Research Historian				
organization P.G. Co. Historic Preservation Comm	ission date December 1985			
street & number c/o County Planning, MNCPPC	telephone 952-3521			
city or town Upper Marlboro	state Maryland			

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438

#### #7. Continued

Built onto the south third of the west (rear) facade is another wing, cut into a slope so that its floor is at a lower level than that of the main block. This wing has a shed roof, and rests on a high brick foundation. It is extended farther to the west by a lower shed-roof addition, the west elevation of which consists of large double garage doors. This entire space is used as garage and storage area.

### #8 (Continued)

The school for externs continued to operate in the Drury house until circa 1920. For some time after that, the house served as the chaplain's residence; it is now rented to tenants who work on the Ammendale Institute property. It is an important and rare surviving example of a modest and large late Greek Revival style farmhouse.

#### Notes

- 1 Prince George's County Deed; FS #3:546; Prince George's County Tax Assessments, 1860's.
- Prince George's County Tax Assessments, 1860's; Census for Vansville District, Prince George's County, 1870.
- Prince George's County Equity #798 (papers not found); Prince George's
  County Deed RSW #1:138; A History of Beltsville, 1976, pp. 64-72.
- 4 Cf. P. G. #60-4.
- Prince George's County Deeds WAJ #1:542; JWB #14:91; The History of the District of Baltimore Brothers of the Christian Schools, 1948, pp. 44-46.

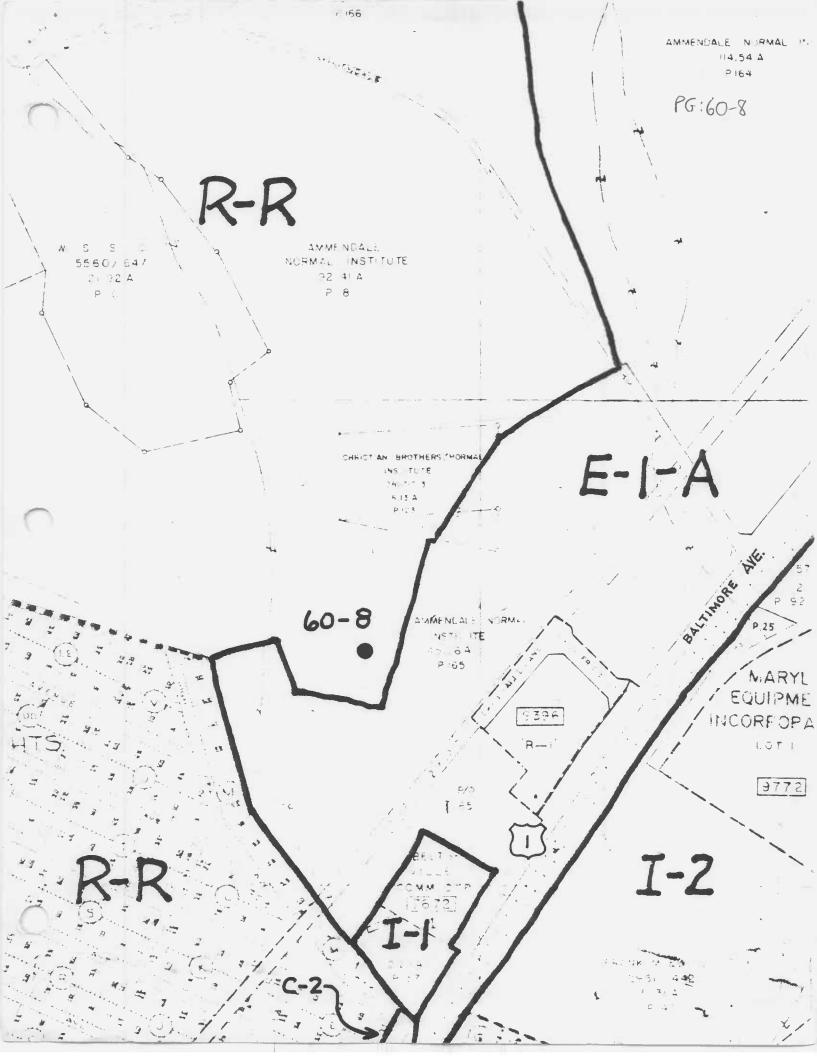
### Chain of Title Drury Mansion P.G. #60-8

JWB#14:91 27 May 1889 Deed Daniel Ammen, widower, to trustees of Ammendale Normal Institute, Thomas Mende, Henry Wall, Francis Fitzpatrick, Patrick Brennan, John Howard and Pierre Marcoux (incorporated JWB#5:16), 11.3 acres of land (for \$4,100, part of the land which Ammen acquired from Drury, with improvements.

RSW#1:138 6 Apr 1874 Deed William L. Drury, trustee, to Daniel Ammen, 130 acres, part of Spraddocks Forest (surveyed by Edward Herbert, 1863); William L. Drury was appointed trustee by decree of Equity #798 to sell the real estate of William P. Drury. (Equity papers not found)

FS#3:546 30 Nov 1863 Deed William A. and Sarah Linthicum, Luther and Ellen Jones, and Emma Jones, and Jonathan and Theresa Waters to William P. Drury of D.C. (Linthicums had purchased part of this property from Jones and Waters, but deed had not been executed, so all join to convey to Drury); for \$6,900, 138 acres of Spraddocks Forest, including part purchased by Linthicum from Jones/Waters, and part from John Bradacamp by CSM#3:175.

CSM#3:175 10 June 1859 Deed John and Catherine Bradakamp to Samuel and William Linthicum for \$1,497.46, 67 acrers of Spraddocks Forest.





P.G.#60-8

Drury Mansion (The Villa)
Prince George's County, MD
Susan G. Pearl
November 1985
Northeast 3/4 elevation
Neg. Md. Hist. Trust, Annapolis, MD



P.G.#60-8

Drury Mansion (The Villa)
Prince George's County, MD
Susan G. Pearl
November 1985
East elevation
Neg: Md. Hist. Trust, Annapolis, MD



P.G.#60-8
Drury Mansion (The Villa)
Prince George's County, MD
Susan G. Pearl

November 1985 West elevation

West elevation Neg: Md. Hist. Trust, Annapolis, MD



P.G.#60-8

Drury Mansion (The Villa)
Prince George's County, MD
Susan G. Pearl
November 1985
South elevation
Neg: Md. Hist. Trust, Annapolis, MD



P.G. #60-8

Drury Mansion
Prince George's County, MD
Susan G. Pearl
November 1985
North elevation
Neg: Md. Hist. Trust, Annapolis, MD



P.G. #60-8

Drury Mansion
Prince George's County, MD
Susan G. Pearl
November 1985
Northeast 3/4 elevation
Neg: Md. Hist. Trust, Annapolis, MD



P.G. #60-8

Drury Mansion Prince George's County, MD Susan G. Pearl November 1985 East detail Neg: Md. Hist. Trust, Annapolis, MD